# Oral Communication

#### Sukhvinder S. Sandhu, Ph.D.

December 8, 2020

# Communication of Technical Information In Research & Business Organization



Sukhvinder S. Sandhu, Ph.D.

**Employee Professional Development Training Courses** 

Effective Technical Communications: -A 3 day course by Center for Professional Advancement, East Brunswick, NJ (J & J Sponsored)

 Effective Presentations:

 A 2 day Course by Colgate-Palmolive Co. Management Development Program
 ??
 ??

#### What is Communication?

"Process by which an individual (the communicator) transmits stimuli to modify the behavior of other individuals" Hovland, Janis & Kelley

"Process of creating a meaning between two or more people" Tubbs & Moss

"The act of transmission of information, ideas, emotions, skills, etc. by use of symbols, words, pictures, figures, graphs, etc." Berelson & Steiner

#### **Elements of Communication**

Certain Common Elements That Together Define Communication Process

People
Messages
Channels
Feedback
Noise
Context (setting)
Effect



### <u>Communication</u>:

Most Fundamental Characteristics of Human Behavior

- > Written Messages
- > Oral Communication
- Body Language Facial Expressions Gestures & Head Nods
- > Acoustics: Use of Drums
- > Smoke Signals
- Heliography: Use of Light & Mirrors
- Pheromones: Chemicals secreted by animals

#### Skills & Behaviors Necessary for Effective Performance in an R&D Environment

- Effective Communication:
- > Written
- > Oral
- Time Management
- Managing People
- Promote Team Work
- Value Unique Contributions
- Give and Seek Feedback
- Set The Example

# **Types of Communications**

#### Verbal: (Intellectual Activity)

- Verbal/non-vocal only words, no speaking: written messages
- Verbal/vocal communicate through spoken words

## Non-verbal: (Emotional Activity)

- Non-verbal/vocal

no words, only sound: sighs, groans

 Non-verbal/non-vocal no words, no sound, only gestures and appearance



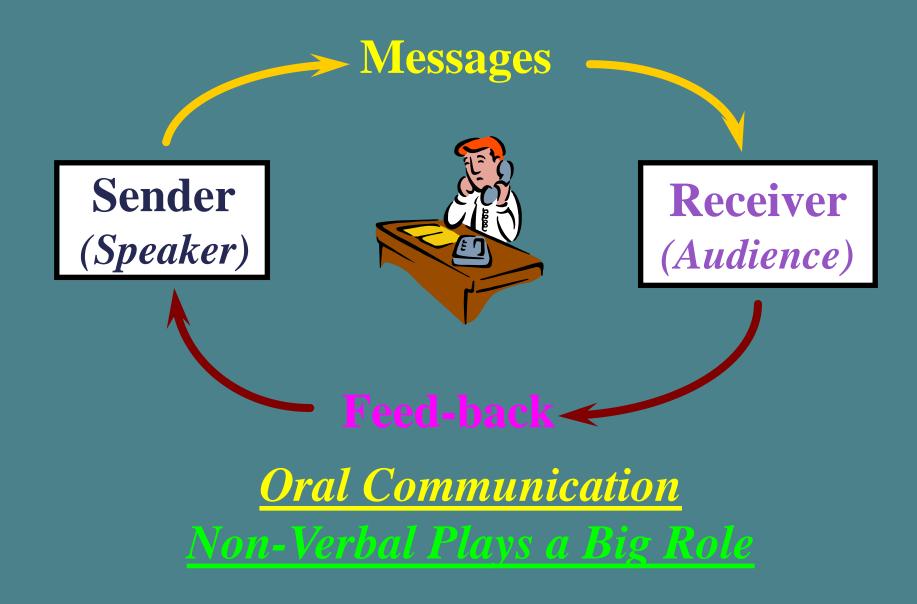
# Written Communication



## Oral Communication

## SOME BASICS; FIRST

## **Communication as Interaction**



#### **Nonverbal Modes of Communication**

Vocal cues: Tone/volume **Quality &** Resonance **Rhythm & Accents** Pitch Rate **Stress Non-fluencies** Vocalizations

**Spatial cues:** Distance: intimate, personal, social, public Visual cues: **Body movements Facial expressions Personal appearance Sensory Cues:** Olfactics Acoustics

When nonverbal contradicts the verbal, the <u>non-verbal</u> is more likely to be believed

#### **Nonverbal Communication**

Women vs. Men

Women, as a group, are better skilled than men to send and receive non-verbal messages expressed by strangers. (Especially Negative Non-Verbal Signals)



# Non-verbal, non-vocal mode of communication No Words, No Sound

Gestures can lead to misunderstanding, especially across cultures

(we will revisit this topic at the end)

Oral Communication of Technical Information

Planning A (Scientific) Talk > Selection of Information Conclusions Facts Supporting Data Organization of Information Introduction Materials, Methods, Exp. Designs/Concepts Results Discussion

# Steps in Preparing An Oral Presentation

- Specific Purpose
- Introduction
- Thesis: Statement that Summarizes the Focus of Your Presentation & Your Point of View
- Content: With Supporting Materials & Visual Aids
- Conclusion
- Acknowledgments

#### **Oral Presentations**

# **VISUAL AIDS**

\* Slides







#### WHY USE VISUAL AIDS??

## Using Visuals:

Why use Visual?

Visuals are <u>superior</u> to Verbal Communication
 Visuals account for > 80% of information conveyed
 Visuals communicate much faster than words
 Visuals are perceived and processed

automatically

Do Not Require Mental Involvement

## One picture says more than a thousand words... (or, in this case, 123)\*



A man, a woman and a girl, the girl is hugging the woman and the man, all are smiling, all are wearing black clothes, the man and the woman wear sunglasses, the woman wears gloves and holds a bottle of water in her hand, she is also wearing a backpack, the girl is blond, the man has short, light brown hair, the woman has medium long, dark brown hair, it looks like winter, it seems to be pretty cold, it is probably winter, in the near background are banks and a gutter, further behind people skating on an ice rink, the sun is shining, further in the back are trees without many leaves, behind the trees are skyscrapers, some very tall, others not

\*A picture of average complexity takes only 1 ½ to 2 seconds to be processed...

...in the same time, only 7 to 10 words can be processed!

# Using Visuals:



#### Why Use Visual ?

- Visuals are stored stronger and remembered better than words and can be retrieved more easily

## (the long term memory has an almost unlimited capacity for storage of pictures)

- Visuals Don't wear our easily





"I Read ...... And I Forget, I see ...... And I Remember, I Do ..... And I Understand."

# Using Visuals:



- Why Use Visuals:
  - Visuals convey much more emotional information than words:

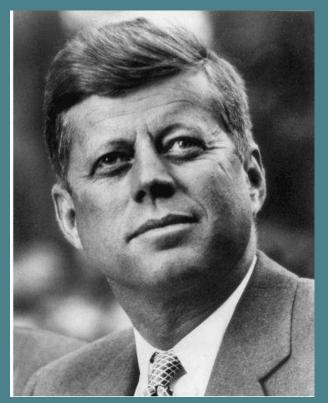
Because they portray reality much more vivid, colorful and concrete than words

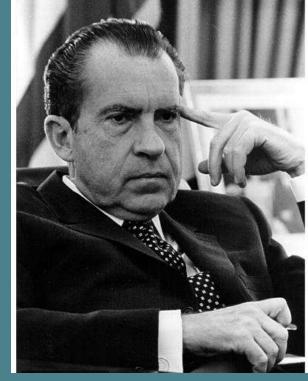
# """" "Visuals convey much more emotional information than words

#### A Real Life Story

#### First US Presidential Debate (November 8, 1960)

Vs.





John F Kennedy 35<sup>th</sup>. US President: Democrat Advanced Television Viewers: Kennedy Won

Richard M. Nixon 37<sup>th</sup>. US President: Republican Information Radio Listeners: Nixon Won

# Using Visuals:



- Why Use Visuals?
  - Visuals can communicate even complex messages

- Visuals undermine rational control visuals are not scrutinized as much as words.

- Unlike words, visuals can communicate logical contradictions distortions that are not credible verbally are more readily accepted via visuals

## Step #1 in Preparing for Oral Presentation

## Develop an outline

## **Steps In Preparing an Outline**



Identify points that can be developed with the help of visual aids

Develop a Conclusion/Summary

> Finalize the speech into Rehearsal form

Practice/Refine & Limit your speech

# **Using Slides**

- Do Not Show Too Many Slides
- Do Not Show a Slide With Too Much Detail Break it up into 2/3 different slides

#### Why visuals are superior – You saw this heading before

>Visuals communicate much faster than words

Visuals are perceived and processed automatically (do not require mental involvement)

Visuals are stored stronger and remembered better than words and can be retrieved more easily (the long term memory has an almost unlimited capacity for storage of pictures)

Visuals undermine rational control – visuals are not scrutinized as much as words. Unlike words, visuals can communicate logical contradictions

(distortions that are not credible verbally are more readily accepted via visuals)

>Visuals can communicate even complex messages

> Visuals don't wear out easily

>Visuals convey much more emotional information than words

(because they portray reality much more vivid, colorful and concrete than words

# **Using Slides**

- Do Not Show Too Many Slides
- Do Not Show a Slide With Too Much Detail Break it up into 2/3 different slides
- Do Not Show a Table With Too Many Numbers Break it up into more than one slide

## **Using Slides**



- Each Slide Should Have a Concise Heading
- Check Slides For Clarity
- > Arrange the Slides In Same Order As Your Notes
- Give Audience time to look at each slide and <u>Help them to interpret the slide</u>

#### (Make Sure Each Slide Is The Right Way up)

## Delivery

- Begin with Confidence to Capture Attention
- > Use a pointer to point at the screen
- > Look at your audience when you speak
- Stay way from the projector (& next to your notes) when you speak
- Avoid nonfluencies: "uh" "uhm", "like" "sort of"
- Speak loud so that every one can hear
- Nonverbal cues: Very Important

#### Major Barriers To Public Speaking

 Fear of Being Judged
 Uncertainty About the Audience who they are what they are thinking how they may react



#### **Effective** Written and Oral

#### **Communication is a Product of**

**Simplicity and Clarity** 

#### Remember

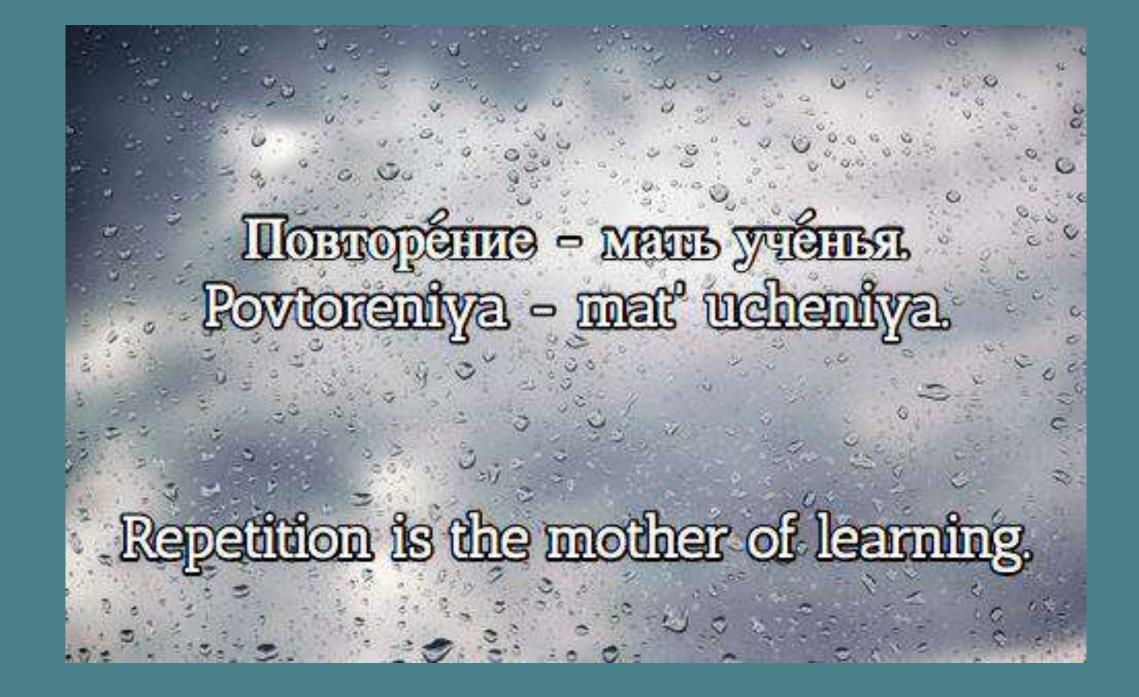
Effective Communication, both Written and Oral, is Absolutely Vital for the Growth of Science as well as the Professional Growth of a Scientist

#### "A Scientist Who Can't Write or Speak Clearly is Like A Computer That Has No Read-Out"

"not exactly a high priced machine"

Bruce C Kline, ASM New, 495, 41 (1975)\*

\* ASM = American Society of Microbiology



#### An Interesting Fact.....

#### ~50% of all Marriages in USA End Up in Divorce

#### Main Reason: Poor Communication

#### Suggested Readings....

Effective Writing for Engineers, Managers, Scientists H.J. Tichy

Scientists Must Write Robert Barrass\*

(\* Students Must Write: Robert Barrass)



Let's Discuss Gestures An Important Part of Non-Verbal Communication



#### Non-Verbal, Non-Vocal Mode of Communication

#### No Words, No Sound

## Gestures Can Lead to Misunderstanding, Especially Across Cultures

#### **Gestures: Body Language**

Non-Verbal, Non-Vocal Mode of Communication

In Different Countries, the same Gestures, Head Nods, Postures, Leg Movements are Used to Convey a Different Message

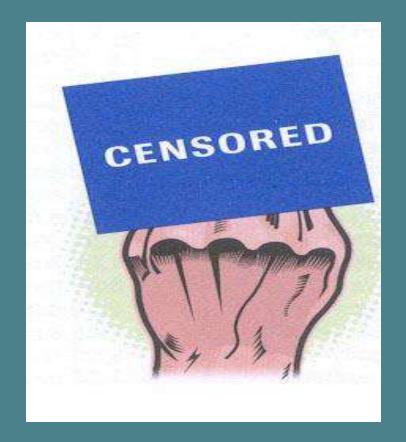
Something Good in one country  $\Xi^{2}$ Negative meaning in another culture

# Let's Look at Some of the Gestures

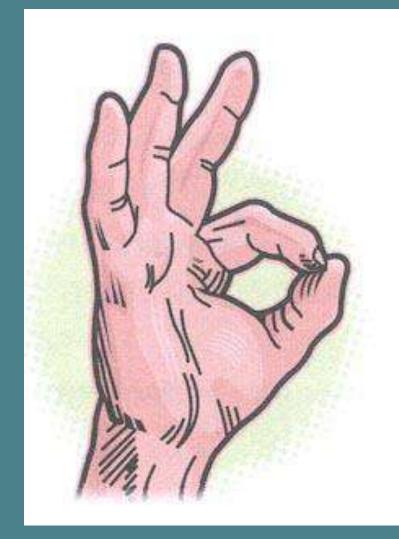
# What Message Do They Convey in Different Countries/Cultures\*

\*Source: American Express International Gestures Travel Guide

#### The Universal Insult



Message of the "one finger salute" is understood pretty much every where



"OK"

>USA: "A-okay"
 >France: "Zero or Worthless"
 >Japan: "Money" (the finger circle symbolizes the outline of a coin

OK sign has rude, sexually suggestive connotations through out the following countries:

Latin America, Germany, Greece, Malta, Portugal, Russia, Sardinia, Tunisia and Turkey



#### "Thumbs Up"

North America & most of Europe: "Good Going", "right on" or "can I hitch a ride"

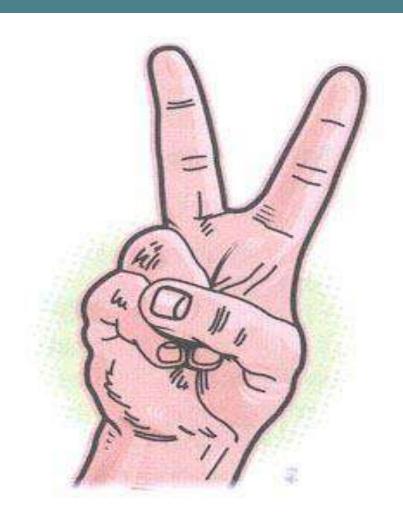
Australia: "up yours" especially when accompanied by an up-ward thrust" Germany: When counting, used to signal "one"

Contd

Japan: When counting, used to signal "Five"

Nigeria: Generally obscene and insulting. Considered very rude in the following countries Bangladesh, Ghana, Greece, Iran, Middle East, Russia, Turkey





"V" Sign

USA: (with Palm & fingers facing out): Victory or Peace, "two" (in picture being taken), "Rabbit ears"
England & Australia (with palm and fingers facing in and reinforced by an upward jerk of the fingers): "Up yours"



#### "Palm-up Index Finger Curl"

Contd.

#### **USA: Come Here**

Australia, Hong Kong, Indonesia, Japan, Malaysia & former Yugoslavia: "Come Here" to Animals.

Gesture is considered impolite when directed at humans

In much of Europe and Latin America, the preferred way to beckon someone is to extend a hand-palm down and making an in ward scratching motion with the fingers





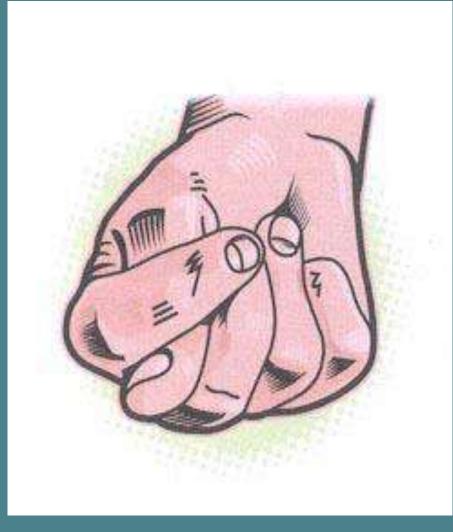
#### "The Hand Push"

USA: "Stop" or "I don't want to hear it" (as in talk to the hand)

Greece: Generally insulting, signifying dirt being rubbed into your face.

Japan & China: Open hand is preferred over the forefinger for pointing.

Many Latin Americans point by pursuing their lips in the direction of the object being designated



#### The "Fig"

#### **Brazil:** Good Luck in much of Latin Amrtica

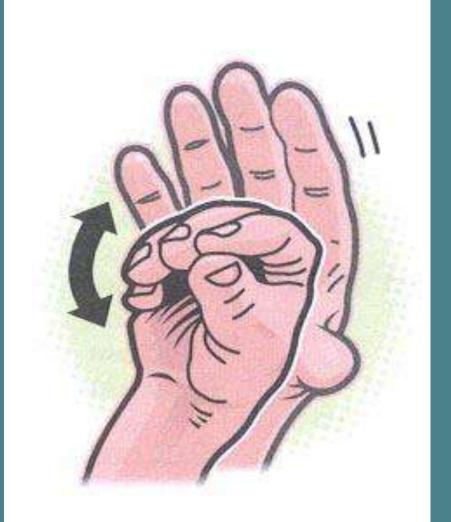
Contd.

America: fig shaped charms are thought to ward off evil Greece & Turkey: A sexual insult

Tunisia and the Netherlands: A sexually suggestive gesture

Former Yugoslavia: "Zip", "nada", "nothing"



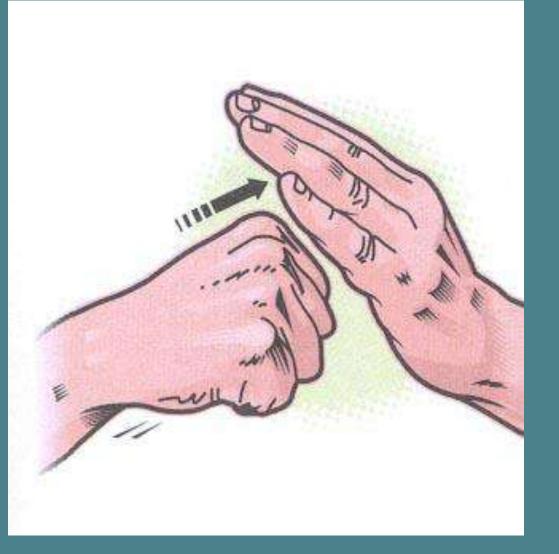


#### "The Hand Flap"

USA: "Yak, yak, yak" used to indicate that someone on the other end of the phone line is going on and on

South Africa & Part of Latin America: Used to alert a passing motorist that his or her lights are on unnecessarily



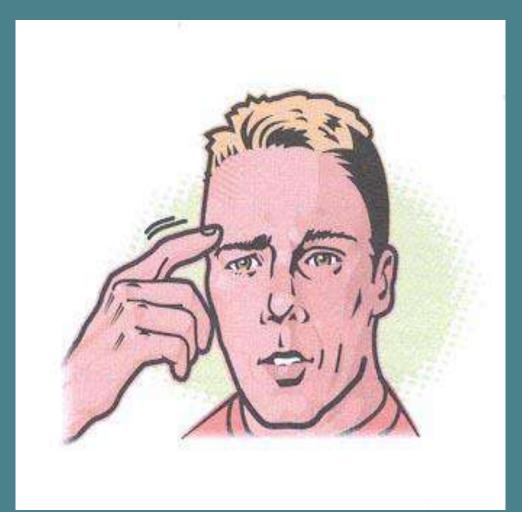


## "The Fist Slap"

USA: smacking the fist of one hand into the other hand's palm is usually an idle gesture, an expression of impatience of a sign of an impending fight

France, Italy, Chile & elsewhere: "up yours" in no uncertain terms

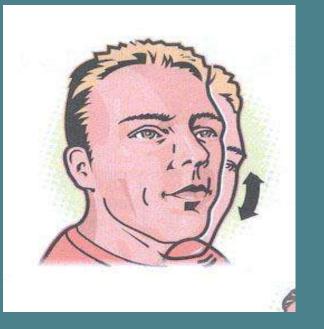


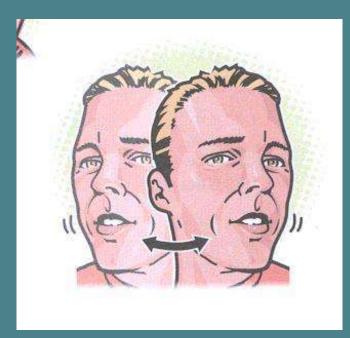


#### "The Forefinger Head Tap"

**USA & Most of the World:** "He/She is very smart" or "he/she is crazy' **Argentina & Peru:** "I am thinking" tapping the temple signifies "very intelligent" The Netherlands: Insanity is signified by tapping the center of the fore head







#### The Head Nod/Head Shake

**USA & Most of the World:** 

Nodding: Yes Shaking: No Bulgaria, Parts of Greece, Yugoslavia, Turkey, Iran. Nodding: No Shaking: Yes

#### US TV Host Tomi Lahren's Praise of Trump Backfires in Hindi



BBC News August 24,2020

#### President Trump is an IDIOT/Stupid

#### PLEASE Pay Close Attention to TWO Words

# OWL

#### ULLU





English: Owl = Wise Bird Hindi: Ullu = Stupid/Idiot

#### **Thank You**

